IRS21 Lufft Intelligent Road Surface Sensor

User Manual

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About this manual

Please note that this manual was originally produced by Campbell Scientific Inc. primarily for the North American market. Some spellings, weights and measures may reflect this origin.

Some useful conversion factors:

Area: $1 \text{ in}^2 \text{ (square inch)} = 645 \text{ mm}^2$

Length: 1 in. (inch) = 25.4 mm

1 ft (foot) = 304.8 mm 1 yard = 0.914 m 1 mile = 1.609 km

Mass: 1 oz. (ounce) = 28.35 g

1 lb (pound weight) = 0.454 kg

Pressure: 1 psi (lb/in²) = 68.95 mb

Volume: 1 UK pint = 568.3 ml

1 UK gallon = 4.546 litres 1 US gallon = 3.785 litres

In addition, while most of the information in the manual is correct for all countries, certain information is specific to the North American market and so may not be applicable to European users.

Differences include the U.S standard external power supply details where some information (for example the AC transformer input voltage) will not be applicable for British/European use. *Please note, however, that when a power supply adapter is ordered it will be suitable for use in your country.*

Reference to some radio transmitters, digital cell phones and aerials may also not be applicable according to your locality.

Some brackets, shields and enclosure options, including wiring, are not sold as standard items in the European market; in some cases alternatives are offered. Details of the alternatives will be covered in separate manuals.

Recycling information



At the end of this product's life it should not be put in commercial or domestic refuse but sent for recycling. Any batteries contained within the product or used during the products life should be removed from the product and also be sent to an appropriate recycling facility.

Campbell Scientific Ltd can advise on the recycling of the equipment and in some cases arrange collection and the correct disposal of it, although charges may apply for some items or territories.

For further advice or support, please contact Campbell Scientific Ltd, or your local agent.



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IRS21 Lufft Intelligent Road Surface Sensor

1. Function

The IRS21 is a sensor that makes measurements of road surface. From measurements taken, the outputs are up to three temperatures, conductivity, percent salt, freezing temperature, road condition, and water film height. There is also an error status output from the sensor. The sensor is used for road weather stations.

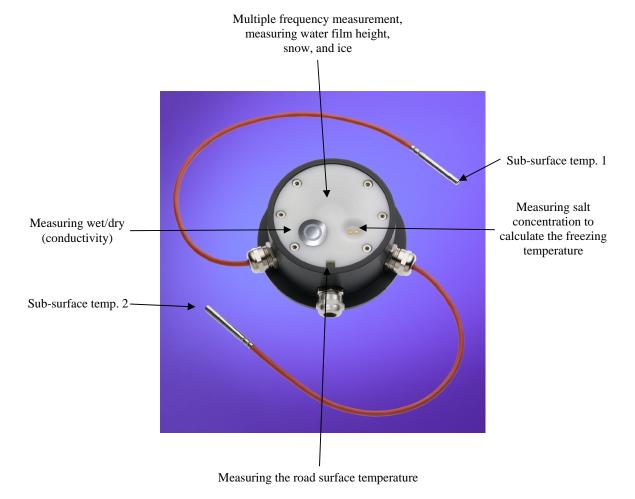


Figure 1-1. IRS21

2. Specifications

Dimensions: 13 cm (5") in diameter, and 5 cm (3") high

Weight: 0.9 kg (2 pounds)

Survival temperature: -57°F to 158°F (-50° to 70°C)

Rated current: less than 200 ma

Interface: RS485

Standard cable length: 25m (75 feet)

Optional cable length: up to 300' (100M)

Power supply: 9 to 14 Vdc

Operating temperature: -40° to 158°F (-40° to 70°C)

Operating relative humidity: 100%

Outputs

Road condition: dry, damp, wet, snow, freezing wetness, ice

Road temperature: -40° to 158° F (-40° to 70° C)

Accuracy ± 0.2 °C (-10° to 10°C);

 ± 0.5 °C (-40° to 70°C)

Resolution -.1°C

Freezing point: -4° to 32°F
Accuracy ±.1°C
Resolution -.1°C

3. Installation



Figure 3-1. Core cut for the road sensor.



Figure 3-2. Core drill and saw cutting equipment.



Figure 3-3. Saw cut is masked to control the epoxies.



Figure 3-4. View of fast steel which is placed under the sensor prior to epoxy application to provide a base for the sensor.

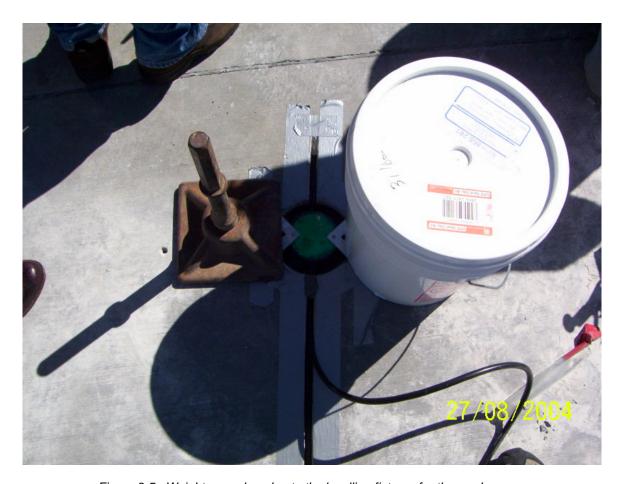


Figure 3-5. Weights are placed onto the levelling fixtures for the road sensor.



Figure 3-6. First pour of Fabick epoxy, (fast set), useable between 20° to 180°F.



Figure 3-7. Finished pour, with weights removed.



Figure 3-8. Second pour to bring the epoxy to grade.



Figure 3-9. Backer rod is used as a dam to control the epoxy.

Different epoxies can be used for directly around the sensor and along the cable.

Since the epoxy used is liquid, the backer rod is used to dam the epoxy until cured.



Figure 3-10. Compressed air is used to dry and clean the saw cut.



Figure 3-11. Application of the sensor cable epoxy.

The saw cut is two inches deep. The backer rod is placed in the length of the saw cut below and above the sensor cable before epoxy application.



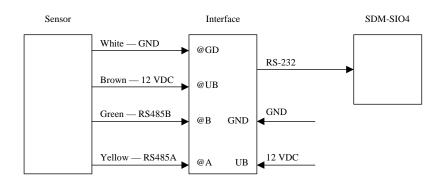
Figure 3-12. Finished epoxy application.

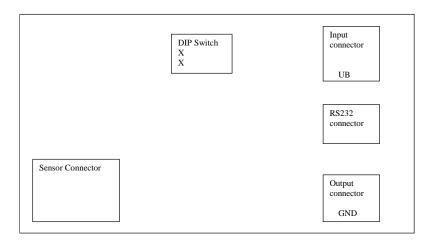


Figure 3-13. A junction box is used when cable splices are needed.

4. Connections

4.1 Using SDM-SIO4





The interface has a two position dip switch that can change the interface from master to slave operation. For operation with the RWIS station the interface is set to master and each interface takes a port on the SDM-SIO4.

The switches in the two left hand positions as indicated by the X's above make the interface a master.

The sensors can be daisy chained. This is done by writing the address of the sensor with software available only to the manufacturer at this time. The sensor connections are made to the sensor connector.

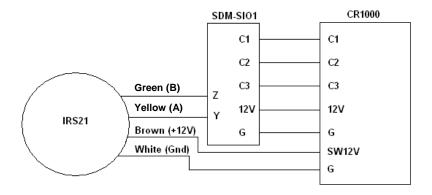
The input connector and output connectors are used for daisy chain operation, but are also used to supply the 12 volts to the interface and sensor.

In the figure above power is applied to the input and output connectors. 12 volts is connected to the UB connection of the input connector from the power bus. Ground is connected from the power bus to the GND connection to the output connector.

4.2 Using SDM-SIO1

There is no requirement for the Lufft RS232 interface when using the SDM-SIO1. Each IRS21 requires its own SDM-SIO1 and up to 15 SDM-SIO1s can be connected to a single datalogger.

Power is supplied directly from the datalogger as shown in the diagram below.



5. Operation

The sensor is operated at two-minute intervals. This is done to prevent measurement errors from sensor heating that could happen if the sensor were powered too long. The sensor is polled with a command that asks for:

Temperature 1
Temperature 2
Temperature 3
Salt concentration
Freezing temperature
Water film height
Road condition
Error status

Sensors purchased for the Campbell Scientific RWIS station are not optioned with the first two temperature sensors. For these applications, 107 probes are used for sub surface temperature measurements.

The data returned consists of the polling command and ASCII data. Spaces separate the data points.

In typical operation the sensor is run in table two in mixed array loggers, and slow sequence in PakBus loggers. The interval for the sensor is two minutes.

6. Programming

6.1 Using the SDM-SIO1

When using the SDM-SIO1 to interface the IRS21 to a CR1000 the RS485 output of the sensor is used. This makes the RS232 interface redundant. Control lines are set directly from the programme as are requests for data and the termination character.

npany	-	-				
	This sar	nple program red ed in RS-485 Ha	lf Duplex mo	ode and then de	l via an SDM-SIO1 codes the received criptions.	
						/
		/ / Yellow (A)	/	// / Y	/	
		Green (B)	/	, / Z	,	
		Brown (+12V)	/ SW12	/	/	
		White (Gnd)	/G	/	/	
		/	/ C1	/ C1		
		/	/ C2	/ C2		
		/	/ C3	/ C3	/	
		/	/ 12V	/ 12V	/	

```
'Connection Settings
Const Lufft_Port = 32 'Lufft | for SDM-SIO1 - Rotary Position 0, Port 32, SDM-SIO1.
Const Lufft_DataFormat = 51 'Lufft | 51 for SDM-SIO1 (RS-485 Half-Duplex) | 0 for COM Port (RS-232).
Const Lufft_ControlPort = 9 '9 = SW12 - the control port used to switch the lufft on/off.
Buffering and Triggering
Const Lufft BufferSize = 1000 'The buffer size in bytes.
Const Lufft BaudRate = 19200 'The baud rate of the Lufft.
Const Lufft_TriggerString = "&A" & CHR(13) & CHR(10) 'This is the trigger string for the Lufft.
'Language - Lufft Surface Conditions - EN | English (UK)
Const Lufft_SurfaceCondition_Dry_EN = "Dry"
Const Lufft SurfaceCondition Damp EN = "Damp"
Const Lufft_SurfaceCondition_Wet_EN = "Wet"
Const Lufft_SurfaceCondition_Icy_EN = "Icy"
Const Lufft_SurfaceCondition_FrostSnow_EN = "Frost / Snow"
Const Lufft SurfaceCondition ResidualSalt EN = "Residual Salt"
Const Lufft SurfaceCondition FreezingWet EN = "Freezing Wet"
Const Lufft SurfaceCondition Undefined EN = "Undefined"
'Language - Lufft Error Conditions - EN | English (UK)
Const Lufft ErrorCode Ok EN = "Ok"
Const Lufft_ErrorCode_TempFault_EN = "External Temperature Not Fitted"
Const Lufft_ErrorCode_Fault_EN = "Fault"
Const Lufft_ErrorCode_Undefined_EN = "Error Undefined"
'Lufft IRS21 incoming data variables and processed data.
Public Lufft IncomingString As String * 50, Lufft IncomingBytesReturned As Long
Public Lufft_BytesWaiting As Long
Public Lufft Data(8), Lufft String Data(2) As String * 50
Alias Lufft Data(1) = Lufft SubSurfaceTemperature1 '6cm
Alias Lufft_Data(2) = Lufft_SubSurfaceTemperature2 '30cm
Alias Lufft Data(3) = Lufft SurfaceTemp
Alias Lufft_Data(4) = Lufft_SaltConcentration
Alias Lufft_Data(5) = Lufft_FreezingTemperature
Alias Lufft_Data(6) = Lufft_WaterFilmHeight
Alias Lufft_Data(7) = Lufft_SurfaceCondition
Alias Lufft_Data(8) = Lufft_ErrorCode
Alias Lufft_String_Data(1) = Lufft_SurfaceCondition_String_EN
Alias Lufft_String_Data(2) = Lufft_ErrorCode_String_EN
'This procedure takes a string returned from the Lufft IRS21 and splits
'it down into it's component parts.
Dim LufftWorking, ParseLufftData_LufftSourceString As String * 50
Dim ParseLufftData_SplitResults(8) As String
Alias ParseLufftData_SplitResults(1) = LufftResults_SubSurfaceTemp1
Alias ParseLufftData_SplitResults(2) = LufftResults_SubSurfaceTemp2
Alias ParseLufftData SplitResults(3) = LufftResults SurfaceTemp
Alias ParseLufftData_SplitResults(4) = LufftResults_SaltConcentration
Alias ParseLufftData SplitResults(5) = LufftResults FreezingTemp
Alias ParseLufftData SplitResults(6) = LufftResults WaterFilmHeight
Alias ParseLufftData SplitResults(7) = LufftResults SurfaceCondition
Alias ParseLufftData SplitResults(8) = LufftResults ErrorCode
Sub ParseLufftData(LufftSourceString As String * 50, LufftSourceStringLength As Long)
   If LufftSourceStringLength > 0 Then
     ParseLufftData_LufftSourceString = Trim(LufftSourceString)
      While InStr(1,ParseLufftData_LufftSourceString," ",2) <> 0
        ParseLufftData_LufftSourceString = Replace(ParseLufftData_LufftSourceString," "," ")
      'Split the string into seperate sections
      SplitStr(ParseLufftData_SplitResults(),ParseLufftData_LufftSourceString," ",8,5)
      'External Temperature Sensor -1 - 6cm
      If InStr(1,Trim(UpperCase(LufftResults_SubSurfaceTemp1)),"X",2) <> 0 Then
```

```
LufftWorking = NaN
Else
  LufftWorking = Trim(UpperCase(LufftResults_SubSurfaceTemp1))
  LufftWorking = (LufftWorking * 0.1) - 50
Lufft_SubSurfaceTemperature1 = LufftWorking
'External Temperature Sensor -2 - 30cm
If InStr(1,Trim(UpperCase(LufftResults_SubSurfaceTemp2)),"X",2) <> 0 Then
  LufftWorking = NaN
Else
  LufftWorking = Trim(UpperCase(LufftResults_SubSurfaceTemp2))
  LufftWorking = (LufftWorking * 0.1) - 50
Lufft_SubSurfaceTemperature2 = LufftWorking
'Internal Temperature Sensor - Road Surface
If InStr(1,Trim(UpperCase(LufftResults_SurfaceTemp)),"X",2) <> 0 Then
  LufftWorking = NaN
Else
  LufftWorking = Trim(UpperCase(LufftResults_SurfaceTemp))
  LufftWorking = (LufftWorking * 0.1) - 50
EndIf
Lufft_SurfaceTemp = LufftWorking
'Salt Concentration
If InStr(1,Trim(UpperCase(LufftResults_SaltConcentration)),"X",2) <> 0 Then
  LufftWorking = NaN
Else
  LufftWorking = Trim(UpperCase(LufftResults SaltConcentration))
  LufftWorking = (LufftWorking * 0.1)
EndIf
Lufft_SaltConcentration = LufftWorking
'Freezing Temperature/Point
If InStr(1,Trim(UpperCase(LufftResults_FreezingTemp)),"X",2) <> 0 Then
  LufftWorking = NaN
Else
  LufftWorking = Trim(UpperCase(LufftResults_FreezingTemp))
  LufftWorking = (LufftWorking * -0.1)
Lufft_FreezingTemperature = LufftWorking
'Water Film Thickness/Height
If InStr(1,Trim(UpperCase(LufftResults_WaterFilmHeight)),"X",2) <> 0 Then
  LufftWorking = NaN
Else
  LufftWorking = Trim(UpperCase(LufftResults_WaterFilmHeight))
  LufftWorking = (1560 - 16.55 * LufftWorking + 0.041 * LufftWorking^2) / 1000
EndIf
Lufft_WaterFilmHeight = LufftWorking
'Road Condition
Lufft SurfaceCondition = LufftResults SurfaceCondition
Select Case Lufft_SurfaceCondition
  Case 0
     Lufft_SurfaceCondition_String_EN = Lufft_SurfaceCondition_Dry_EN
  Case 1
     Lufft_SurfaceCondition_String_EN = Lufft_SurfaceCondition_Damp_EN
  Case 2
     Lufft_SurfaceCondition_String_EN = Lufft_SurfaceCondition_Wet_EN
  Case 3
     Lufft SurfaceCondition String EN = Lufft SurfaceCondition Icy EN
     Lufft SurfaceCondition String EN = Lufft SurfaceCondition FrostSnow EN
  Case 5
```

```
Lufft_SurfaceCondition_String_EN = Lufft_SurfaceCondition_ResidualSalt_EN
        Case 6
           Lufft_SurfaceCondition_String_EN = Lufft_SurfaceCondition_FreezingWet_EN
        Case Else
           Lufft_SurfaceCondition_String_EN = Lufft_SurfaceCondition_Undefined_EN
     EndSelect
     'Error Status
     Lufft ErrorCode = LufftResults ErrorCode
     Select Case Lufft_ErrorCode
        Case 0
           Lufft_ErrorCode_String_EN = Lufft_ErrorCode_Ok_EN
        Case 1
           Lufft_ErrorCode_String_EN = Lufft_ErrorCode_TempFault_EN
        Case Is > 1
           Lufft_ErrorCode_String_EN = Lufft_ErrorCode_Fault_EN
           Lufft_ErrorCode_String_EN = Lufft_ErrorCode_Undefined_EN
     EndSelect
     'Invalid Data String
     Lufft_SurfaceTemp = NaN
     Lufft\_SubSurfaceTemperature1 = NaN
     Lufft SubSurfaceTemperature2 = NaN
     Lufft_SaltConcentration = NaN
     Lufft_FreezingTemperature = NaN
     Lufft_WaterFilmHeight = NaN
     Lufft SurfaceCondition = NaN
     Lufft_SurfaceCondition_String_EN = ""
     Lufft ErrorCode = NaN
     Lufft ErrorCode String EN = ""
  EndIf
EndSub
'Main Program
BeginProg
  Scan (60, Sec. 0, 0)
     'Read the IRS21 every 2 Minutes - do not read more often than every 60 seconds.
     'Also try not to keep the sensor powered for alot longer than 2 seconds each time for
     'maximum effectiveness.
     If TimeIntoInterval(0,2,Min) Then
        'Lufft - IRS21
        'Switch on the sensor and wait for it to warm-up.
        PortSet(Lufft_ControlPort,1): Delay(0,2,Sec)
        'Open the serial port ready for reading.
        SerialOpen(Lufft_Port,Lufft_BaudRate,Lufft_DataFormat,100,Lufft_BufferSize)
        Trigger the Lufft to output.
        SerialOut(Lufft_Port,Lufft_TriggerString,"",0,100): Delay(1,500,mSec)
        Lufft_BytesWaiting = SerialInChk(Lufft_Port) AND 4095
        SerialIn(Lufft IncomingString,Lufft Port,100,CHR(10),Lufft BytesWaiting)
        Lufft_IncomingBytesReturned = Len(Lufft_IncomingString)
        'Extract and decode the lufft data.
        ParseLufftData(Lufft_IncomingString,Lufft_IncomingBytesReturned)
        'Close the serial port and turn off the sensor
        SerialClose(Lufft\_Port): PortSet(Lufft\_ControlPort, 0).
     EndIf
  NextScan
EndProg
```

6.1.1 CR1000 Program using the SDM-SIO4

```
'CR1000 Series Datalogger
To create a different opening program template, type in new
'instructions and select Template | Save as Default Template
'program author:
'Declare Public Variables
'Example:
Public sio4result,counter,a
Public sensordata(8)
dim reqdata(17)
dim datafilter(18)
dim portset(22)
alias sensordata(1)=temperature1
alias sensordata(2)=temperature2
alias sensordata(3)=SurTmp0
alias sensordata(4)=SurSal0
alias sensordata(5)=SurFrePn0
alias sensordata(6)=SurWatDp0
alias sensordata(7)=SurSta0
alias sensordata(8)=PavSenEr0
'Declare Other Variables
'Example:
'Dim Counter
'Declare Constants
'Example:
'CONSTPI = 3.141592654
DataTable (road,True,10)
    Sample (1,temperature1,FP2)
    Sample (1,temperature2,FP2)
    Sample (1,SurTmp0,FP2)
    Sample (1,SurSal0,FP2)
    Sample (1,SurFrePn0,FP2)
    Sample (1,SurWatDp0,FP2)
    Sample (1,SurSta0,FP2)
    Sample (1,PavSenEr0,FP2)
EndTable
'Define Subroutines
Sub sio4setup
    'request data string &&A^M^J #1
    data 115,116,114,115,116,32,49,32,34,38,38,65,94,77,94,74,34
    for a=1 to 17: read regdata(a): next a
    SDMSIO4 (reqdata(),1,0,4,321,0000,0000,17,1.0,0)
    Delay (1,2,Sec)
    'data filter string ffffffff #2
    data 102,108,116,115,116,32,50,32,34,102,102,102,102,102,102,102,102,34
    for a=1 to 18: read datafilter(a): next a
    SDMSIO4 (datafilter(),1,0,4,321,0000,0000,18,1.0,0)
    Delay (1,2,Sec)
```

```
'port setup for port 4 4 13 3 0 0 9 0
    data 112,111,114,116,115,101,116,32,52,32,49,51,32,51,32,48,32,48,32,57,32,48
    for a=1 to 22: read portset(a): next a
    SDMSIO4 (portset(),1,0,4,321,0000,0000,22,1.0,0)
    Delay (1,2,Sec)
EndSub
'Main Program
BeginProg
        'Enter other measurement instructions
        'Call Output Tables
        'Example:
    SlowSequence
    Scan (120,Sec,3,0)
                        'irs21
        'rts hi to send polling string, dtr hi to power the road sensor
        SDMSIO4 (sio4result,1,0,4,1027,0022,0000,0,1.0,0)
        Delay (1.1.Sec)
        SDMSIO4 (sio4result,1,0,4,1027,0010,0,0,1.0,0)
        'rts lo to send data to the sensor
        SDMSIO4 (sio4result,1,0,4,1024,0001,0000,0,1.0,0)
        Delay (1,1,mSec)
        'rts hi to receive data from the sensor
        SDMSIO4 (sio4result,1,0,4,1027,0020,0000,0,1.0,0)
        Delay (1,1,Sec)
        'dtr lo to turn the sensor off
        SDMSIO4 (sio4result,1,0,4,1027,0001,0000,0,1.0,0)
        Delay (1,1,Sec)
        'send the filter
        SDMSIO4 (datafilter(),1,0,4,2054,9002,0000,18,1.0,0)
        'read the sio4
        SDMSIO4 (sensordata(),1,0,4,4,0000,0000,8,1.0,0)
        Delay (1,1,Sec)
        SurTmp0=(SurTmp0*.1)-50
        SurSal0=(SurSal0*.1)
        SurFrePn0=(SurFrePn0*.1)*-1
        SurWatDp0 = ((1560) - (16.55 * SurWatDp0) + (.041 * SurWatDp0^2))/1000
        CallTable road
    NextScan
EndProg
```

6.2 Using SDM-SIO4

The sensor is first powered with the DTR line set high. Then the RTS is set low to send data to the sensor. In this case the polling command will be sent to the sensor. As soon as the polling command is sent, RTS is set high to get data back from the sensor. In as short a time as is possible by the programming. RTS is set high to receive the data. Then the receive filter is sent to the SDM-SIO4, and data is retrieved by the logger.

In both programs below the sio4 is set up with code at the start of the program. This ensures that if there is a reset or power is lost, the startup will configure the SDM-SIO4 without having to connect to the sio4 to configure the device.

The calculations after reading the SDM-SIO4 are used to convert raw data measurements from the sensor to measurements such as degrees, and film thickness.

6.2.1 CR10X Program

```
;{CR10X-TD}
*Table 1 Program
 01: 60
                   Execution Interval (seconds)
;nosensor initialization
1: If (X \le F) (P89)
 1: 93
                   X Loc [ inp_init
  2:
     1
  3: 0
  4: 1
                   Call Subroutine 1
2: Z=F x 10<sup>n</sup> (P30)
 1: 1
 2: 0
                   n, Exponent of 10
 3: 93
                   Z Loc [ inp_init
*Table 2 Program
 02: 120
                   Execution Interval (seconds)
;start irs21 sensor 1
;the polling string to send to the sensor for measurement is strst 1 "&26&41&0D&0A"
;the filter string for the sio4 is fltst 12 "n9Fn1Fn1fn3Fn1Fn3fff"
;the port setup is portset 3 13 3 0 0 9 0
;this sensor is set up for 19.2 kbaud, no parity, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit
;dtr hi to power the interface and puck and rts high for data to logger
1: SDM-SIO4 (P113)
  1: 1
                   Reps
  2:
     0
                   Address
     3
                   Send/Receive Port 3
  3:
  4:
     1027
                   Command
  5: 0022
                   1st Parameters
  6: 0000
                   2nd Parameters
  7: 0
                   Values per Rep
  8: 1
                   Loc [ dummy
                                      ]
  9: 1.0
                   Mult
  10: 0.0
                   Offset
2: Delay w/Opt Excitation (P22)
 1: 1
                   Ex Channel
  2: 0
                   Delay W/Ex (0.01 sec units)
 3: 250
                   Delay After Ex (0.01 sec units)
  4: 0
                   mV Excitation
;rts lo to send data to sensor
3: SDM-SIO4 (P113)
```

```
1:
     1
                  Reps
 2:
     0
                  Address
 3:
     3
                  Send/Receive Port 3
     1027
 4:
                  Command
 5: 0010
                  1st Parameters
     0000
                  2nd Parameters
 6:
     0000
 7:
                  Values per Rep
 8: 1
                  Loc [ dummy
                                   1
 9: 1.0
                  Mult
 10: 0.0
                  Offset
;&A<cr> to sensor
4: SDM-SIO4 (P113)
 1: 1
                  Reps
 2:
    0
                  Address
 3:
                  Send/Receive Port 3
     3
     1024
 4:
                  Command
 5:
     0001
                  1st Parameters
     0000
 6:
                  2nd Parameters
 7:
     0
                  Values per Rep
 8:
     1
                  Loc [ dummy
                                   ]
 9:
     1.0
                  Mult
 10: 0.0
                  Offset
5: Delay w/Opt Excitation (P22)
 1: 1
                  Ex Channel
 2: 0
                  Delay W/Ex (0.01 sec units)
 3:
    1
                  Delay After Ex (0.01 sec units)
 4: 0
                  mV Excitation
;rts hi to receive data from the sensor
6: SDM-SIO4 (P113)
 1: 1
                  Reps
 2: 0
                  Address
 3:
     3
                  Send/Receive Port 3
     1027
 4:
                  Command
 5:
     0020
                  1st Parameters
     0000
 6:
                  2nd Parameters
 7:
     0000
                  Values per Rep
 8:
     1
                  Loc [ dummy
 9:
     1.0
                  Mult
 10: 0.0
                  Offset
7: Delay w/Opt Excitation (P22)
                  Ex Channel
 1: 1
 2: 0
                  Delay W/Ex (0.01 sec units)
 3: 50
                  Delay After Ex (0.01 sec units)
 4: 0
                  mV Excitation
;dtr low to turn the interface and sensor off
8: SDM-SIO4 (P113)
 1: 1
                  Reps
 2: 0
                  Address
                  Send/Receive Port 3
 3:
     3
     1027
 4:
                  Command
 5:
     0001
                  1st Parameters
 6:
     0
                  2nd Parameters
```

```
7:
     0
                  Values per Rep
 8:
    1
                  Loc [ dummy
                                    ]
 9: 1.0
                  Mult
 10: 0.0
                  Offset
;send filter to sio4
9: SDM-SIO4 (P113)
 1: 1
 2: 0
                  Address
                  Send/Receive Port 3
 3:
    3
 4: 2054
                  Command
 5: 9012
                  1st Parameters
 6: 0000
                  2nd Parameters
 7:
     0000
                  Values per Rep
 8: 1
                  Loc [ dummy
                                    ]
 9: 1.0
                  Mult
 10: 0.0
                  Offset
10: Delay w/Opt Excitation (P22)
 1: 1
                  Ex Channel
     0
                  Delay W/Ex (0.01 sec units)
 2:
 3:
     1
                  Delay After Ex (0.01 sec units)
 4: 0
                  mV Excitation
;read the sio4
11: SDM-SIO4 (P113)
                  Reps
 1: 1
 2: 0
                  Address
 3: 3
                  Send/Receive Port 3
 4:
    4
                  Command
 5: 0000
                  1st Parameters
 6:
     0000
                  2nd Parameters
 7:
     8
                  Values per Rep
 8: 2
                  Loc [ pavt1_1
 9: 1.0
                  Mult
 10: 0.0
                  Offset
intemp=(pavt1_3*.1)-50
salt=pavt1_4*.1
freztemp=pavt1_5*.1
waterflm = (1560 - (16.55 * pavt1\_6) + (.041 * pavt1\_6 * pavt1\_6))/1000
*Table 3 Subroutines
;start of sdm-sio4 setup
1: Beginning of Subroutine (P85)
                 Subroutine 1
 1 1
;data filter
   2: Bulk Load (P65)
      1: 102
                      F:f
          108
                      F ;1
     2:
     3:
                      F;t
         116
                      F;s
     4:
         115
      5:
         116
                      F;t
      6:
         32
                      F;space
```

```
F;1
     7:
         49
                    F;2
     8:
         50
     9:
        10
                    Loc [flt1_1
                                  ]
   3: Bulk Load (P65)
     1: 32
                    F;space
                    F;"
     2:
         34
        110
                    F;n
     3:
                    F;9
     4:
        57
     5:
         70
                    F;F
     6:
        110
                    F;n
     7: 49
                    F;1
     8:
        70
                    F;F
     9: 18
                    Loc [flt9_1
                                  ]
   4: Bulk Load (P65)
                    F;n
     1: 110
     2:
         49
                    F;1
     3:
         102
                    F;f
     4:
                    F;n
         110
     5:
         51
                    F;3
                    F;F
     6:
        70
     7:
        110
                    F;n
     8:
        49
                    F;1
     9: 26
                    Loc [ flt17_1
                                   ]
   5: Bulk Load (P65)
                    F;F
     1: 70
     2: 110
                    F;n
     3: 51
                    F;3
        102
                    F;f
     4:
     5:
        102
                    F;f
     6:
        102
                    F;f
     7:
        34
                    F ;"
     8: 0
                    F;
     9: 34
                    Loc [ flt25_1
                                   ]
;request data string
   6: Bulk Load (P65)
                    F;s
     1: 115
     2:
         116
                    F;t
     3:
        114
                    F;r
     4:
        115
                    F;s
     5: 116
                    F;t
     6: 32
                    F;space
     7: 49
                    F;1
     8: 32
                    F;space
     9: 42
                    Loc [ st1_1
                                  ]
```

```
7: Bulk Load (P65)
                    F ;"
     1: 34
     2:
         38
                    F ;&
     3: 50
                    F;2
     4: 54
                    F ;6
     5: 38
                    F ;&
                    F;4
     6: 52
     7: 49
                    F;1
     8: 38
                    F ;&
     9: 50
                    Loc [ st9_1
                                  ]
   8: Bulk Load (P65)
     1: 48
                    F;0
     2:
         68
                    F;D
     3:
        38
                    F ;&
     4:
        48
                    F;0
     5:
        65
                    F;A
                    F;"
     6:
        34
                    F
     7:
        0
     8:
        0
                    F
     9: 58
                    Loc [ st17_1
                                   ]
;sdm-s014 portset
   9: Bulk Load (P65)
     1: 112
                    F;p
     2: 111
                    F;o
                    F;r
     3: 114
                    F;t
     4: 116
     5: 115
                    F;s
                    F;e
     6: 101
     7: 116
                    F;t
     8: 32
                    F;space
     9: 66
                    Loc [ port1_1
                                   ]
   10: Bulk Load (P65)
     1: 51
                    F;3
     2:
        32
                    F;space
                    F;1
     3:
        49
     4: 51
                    F;3
     5:
         32
                    F;space
     6: 51
                    F;3
     7: 32
                    F;space
     8: 48
                    F;0
     9: 74
                    Loc [ port9_1
                                   ]
   11: Bulk Load (P65)
     1: 32
                    F;space
     2: 48
                    F;0
     3: 32
                    F;space
     4: 57
                    F;9
     5: 32
                    F;space
     6: 48
                    F;0
     7: 0
                    F
     8:
        0
                    F
     9: 82
                    Loc [ port17_1
                                  ]
;portset
   12: SDM-SIO4 (P113)
```

```
1:
         1
                     Reps
     2:
         0
                     Address
     3:
         5
                     Send to all four ports
     4:
        321
                     Command
     5: 0
                     1st Parameters
     6: 0
                     2nd Parameters
     7: 22
                     Values per Rep
     8: 66
                     Loc [ port1_1
                                      ]
     9: 1.0
                     Multiplier
     10: 0.0
                     Offset
;data filter
   13: SDM-SIO4 (P113)
     1: 1
                     Reps
                     Address
     2:
         0
                     Send/Receive Port 1
     3:
         1
         321
     4:
                     Command
     5:
         0
                     1st Parameters
     6:
         0
                     2nd Parameters
     7:
         31
                     Values per Rep
     8:
         10
                     Loc [flt1_1
                                     ]
     9: 1.0
                     Multiplier
     10: 0.0
                     Offset
;request data
   14: SDM-SIO4 (P113)
     1: 1
                     Reps
     2: 0
                     Address
                     Send/Receive Port 1
     3:
         1
     4:
        321
                     Command
     5: 0
                     1st Parameters
     6:
         0
                     2nd Parameters
     7:
         22
                     Values per Rep
     8: 42
                     Loc [ st1_1
                                     ]
     9: 1.0
                     Multiplier
     10: 0.0
                     Offset
15: End (P95)
End Program
```

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